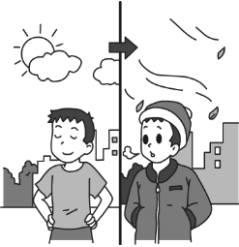








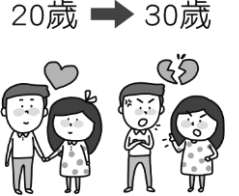
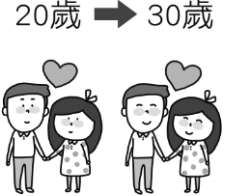
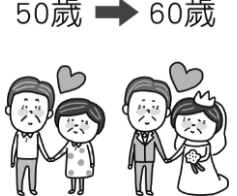


一、聽力測驗 (每題 2 分)

本試卷共 47 題，請依題意選出最適合的答案

I. 辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片或符合圖片的描述

- () 1. (A)  (B)  (C) 
- () 2. (A)  (B)  (C) 
- () 3. (A)  (B)  (C) 
- () 4. (A)  (B)  (C) 

II. 基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應或最適合的問句

- () 5. (A) No, I was at the breakfast shop with Lily.
(B) Yes, I go home once a week.
(C) Yes, I was in the school.
- () 6. (A) Yes, I visited my uncle.
(B) Yes, I did. I even explored a lot of things under the sea.
(C) No, the island is very beautiful.
- () 7. (A) Nothing happened to me.
(B) They were all dead.
(C) There is a lot of fresh water.
- () 8. (A) No, they are very busy.
(B) Yes, they are delicious.
(C) No, they weren't.

III. 言談理解：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的答案

- () 9. (A) He didn't buy a new clock.
(B) He was late for school again.
(C) No one liked him.
- () 10. (A) They went to the zoo together.
(B) They went swimming together.
(C) They went mountain climbing together.

- () 11. (A) Kevin's bedroom isn't clean.
 (B) Kevin went to the movies yesterday.
 (C) Kevin cleans his bedroom very often.
- () 12. (A) There are many farms near the park now.
 (B) There are not any buildings around the park now.
 (C) There were trees and rivers near the park before.

二、字彙及文法選擇 (每題 2 分)

- () 13. Wendy is on her way to the _____. She is going to Taipei.
 (A) train station (B) police station (C) supermarket (D) movie theater
- () 14. The _____ was full of life before, but now there are no animals. Only palm trees are everywhere.
 (A) hotel (B) restaurant (C) airport (D) rainforest
- () 15. Mom didn't _____ me to school today. I _____ a bike.
 (A) drove; rode (B) drive; ride (C) drive; rode (D) drove; ride
- () 16. People _____ trees here in Taiwan on March 12th.
 (A) miss (B) climb (C) burn (D) plant
- () 17. Sun Moon _____ is very beautiful. People come to Nantou (南投) and visit it every year.
 (A) River (B) Hill (C) Lake (D) Mountain
- () 18. He was hungry, _____ he had four bowls of rice.
 (A) because (B) after (C) so (D) as
- () 19. There _____ a little trash on the playground. Let's _____ it up.
 (A) has; picked (B) is; pick (C) have; picked (D) are; pick
- () 20. Joe: Where did you and your sister go after school?
 Matt: _____
 (A) We went to the library and read some books there.
 (B) I often wash cars with my sister.
 (C) We are studying in the classroom.
 (D) Let's visit the temple in the afternoon.
- () 21. My wife and I took a walk at the beach two hours _____. How wonderful!
 (A) then (B) late (C) before (D) ago
- () 22. I'm tired. Can we _____?
 (A) paint pictures (B) take a rest (C) exercise (D) walk the dog
- () 23. The Wang family _____ a boat on the river and liked it very much.
 (A) traveled (B) rowed (C) hiked (D) camped
- () 24. Lily: Do you like beef noodles? They smell (聞起來) great, and they are really yummy.
 Jeff: _____ I can't wait to have them tonight at the night market.
 (A) What happened?
 (B) How come?
 (C) You can say that again.
 (D) That's sad.
- () 25. I met Tina at the department store _____. We were happy and talked a lot there.
 (A) the day before today (B) yesterday night (C) last Friday (D) today morning

- ()26. Tanya: Are the kids _____ at the park now?
Jim: No. They just _____ kites there this afternoon. Right now they are in an ice cream shop.
(A) play; fly (B) playing; fly (C) play; flew (D) playing; flew
- ()27. Henry: Didn't you have a good time at the concert tonight?
Sandy: Yes, I did. _____.
(A) Everyone at the concert was very happy.
(B) The singer wasn't very good.
(C) Everyone likes it a lot.
(D) The food wasn't great.
- ()28. Hank works at a car company. He sells cars and _____ this way.
(A) goes on holiday (B) makes money (C) goes for a swim (D) gets some sleep
- ()29. The _____ to the USA was cool and special. We had lots of fun.
(A) sight (B) trip (C) story (D) airplane
- ()30. Mom: _____ someone in your room this morning? I heard some laughter (笑聲).
Fred: Oh. That's was Rosa, my classmate. We were on the phone then.
(A) Did (B) Was (C) Is (D) Does
- ()31. Bob: Who _____ the sandwiches and _____ them on the dining table?
Mia: Mom did. For breakfast today.
(A) make; put (B) makes; puts (C) making; putting (D) made; put
- ()32. Cody, _____ wake up the sleeping baby. It's late at night.
(A) can't (B) didn't (C) doesn't (D) don't

三、克漏字 (每題 2 分)

Sharon was overweight last year. At that time, she even 33 eight meals a day. She gained a lot of weight 34 she had too much fast food. Hamburgers and fries were her favorite. However, she now 35 a healthy diet after the doctor's advice. Enough rice, some chicken, 36 eggs, and many vegetables are usually her choices for lunch and dinner. What's more, she has delicious 37 every day, like guavas and apples. Besides that, she jogs every morning. Little by little, she is getting healthy and beautiful.

📖 **overweight** 過重的 **gain weight** 增加重量 **diet** 飲食 **advice** 建議 **choice** 選擇 **guava** 芭樂

- ()33. (A) eat (B) eats (C) ate (D) eating
- ()34. (A) so (B) because (C) or (D) but
- ()35. (A) enjoy (B) enjoys (C) enjoyed (D) enjoying
- ()36. (A) a few (B) a little (C) much (D) any
- ()37. (A) candy (B) cookies (C) juice (D) fruit

四、閱讀測驗（第 38~41 題每題 2 分，第 42~47 題每題 3 分）

Here is a report by Judy on “Holi,” an important festival in India.

<div>Holiday Name</div> <div>Holi</div> <div>Also known as “the festival of colors” or “the festival of love”</div> <div>Holi is an <u>ancient</u> holiday and has been around for over 1,000 years. It falls in spring. It’s popular and people celebrate it all over the world.</div>
<div>Ways to Celebrate the Festival</div> <div>On the night before Holi, people have a bonfire, watch the fire, sing and dance, eat and talk with family or friends. On the day of Holi, they dance, color each other with the colored powders “gula” or throw water balloons at one another.</div>
<div>Why the Festival Is Important</div> <div>It’s a fun festival to celebrate the end of winter and welcome the spring season. This festival brings people hope for a new life and good harvest.</div>

📖 festival 節慶 also known as 又稱為 has been around 已存在 over 超過 celebrate 慶祝 bonfire 營火 powder 粉末 throw 丟 balloon 氣球 one another 互相 bring 帶來 harvest 收穫

- ()38. What does ancient mean in the reading?

(A) Very warm. (B) Very old. (C) Very strong. (D) Very dark.
- ()39. Which didn’t Judy write in her report about the ways to celebrate Holi?

(A) Coloring each other with gula. (B) Singing and dancing. (C) Stopping the fire together. (D) Throwing water balloons at one another.
- ()40. From Judy’s report, which is not about Holi?

(A) Water. (B) Colors. (C) Love. (D) A dead body.
- ()41. What can we learn about Holi from Judy’s report?

(A) It is a festival in summer. (B) A bonfire is not welcome at the festival. (C) People celebrate it only in India. (D) It brings people hope for a new life and good harvest.

The following is Mike and Judy’s schedule for their visit in Taipei last weekend.

	Sat.	Sun.
10:00~12:00	visit a computer store	visit Yangmingshan National Park
13:00~15:00	visit Taipei Zoo	visit Taipei 101
15:30~17:30	have afternoon tea in Maokong	back home
19:00~22:00	watch an exciting game in Tianmu Baseball Stadium	

📖 schedule 行程 national 國家的 exciting 刺激的 stadium 體育場

- () 42. Where were Mike and Judy at 11 a.m. last Saturday?
 (A) At a computer store. (B) At a zoo.
 (C) At home. (D) In Taichung.
- () 43. Mike and Judy just enjoyed the cable car (纜車) ride and afternoon tea. Where did they go later?
 (A) To Maokong. (B) To Yangmingshan.
 (C) To Taipei101. (D) To Tianmu Baseball Stadium.
- () 44. Which is true about Mike and Judy?
 (A) They visited a very famous building in Taipei.
 (B) They didn't see animals or hike in the mountains.
 (C) They stayed (停留) at Yangmingshan for three hours.
 (D) They watched a baseball game last Sunday.

Maggie: The earthquake was terrible last night. Where were you during the earthquake?

Susan: I was on a bus. I didn't feel it.

Lisa: Really?

Susan: I fell asleep on the bus. I was so tired after my basketball practice. And you, Maggie?

Maggie: I was at home. My brother and I jumped up from the sofa and rushed to the refrigerator.

Susan: Why did you rush to the refrigerator?

Maggie: I wanted to get some food in case I needed it.

Lisa: It's not safe to hide next to it. It might fall on you.

Maggie: I didn't know that. Thank you for telling me that.

Susan: What about you, Lisa? Where were you during the earthquake?

Lisa: I was in the bathroom.

Susan: Was everything OK?

Lisa: I came out quickly to hide under the table.

Maggie: I'm so happy that no one was hurt. Be careful when an earthquake happens.

**☞ earthquake 地震 feel 感覺 fall asleep 睡著 rush 衝；奔 refrigerator 冰箱 in case 萬一；以防 might 可能
 be hurt 受傷 when 當...時**

- () 45. Who most likely (最可能) did the right thing during the earthquake last night?
 (A) Lisa. (B) Maggie.
 (C) Susan. (D) No one.
- () 46. Why can't we hide next to a refrigerator during the earthquake?
 (A) The refrigerator may fall on us.
 (B) There isn't enough food in the refrigerator.
 (C) The refrigerator is too small.
 (D) It's too cold in the refrigerator. We can't hide in it.
- () 47. What can we learn from the reading?
 (A) Never fall asleep on a bus.
 (B) Always prepare (準備) enough food in the refrigerator.
 (C) Take a shower before an earthquake.
 (D) Be careful and hide in a safe place when there is an earthquake.