

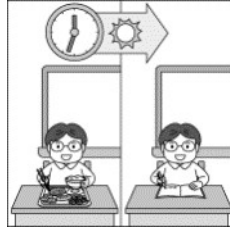
一、辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片（每題 2 分，共 10 分）

( )01、

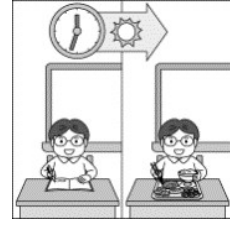
(A)



(B)

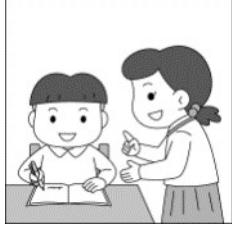


(C)



( )02、

(A)



(B)



(C)



( )03、

(A)



(B)

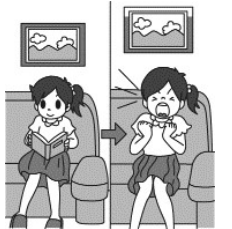


(C)

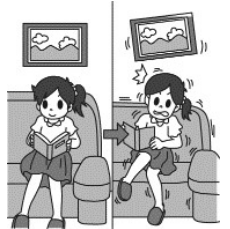


( )04、

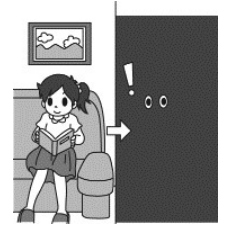
(A)



(B)



(C)



( )05、

(A)



(B)



(C)



二、基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出合適的回應（每題 2 分，共 6 分）

( )06、(A) He has a great time

(B) He was doing the homework.

(C) He just sat quietly on the sofa.

( )07、(A) She has nothing to do.

(B) She had me clean the windows.

(C) She was really busy this morning.

( )08、(A) Yes, he does.

(B) Yes, it is very delicious.

(C) No, it is a piece of cake.

三、言談理解：根據聽到的對話內容與問題，選出正確的答案（每題 2 分，共 4 分）

( )09、(A) He needed to find his favorite pen.

(B) He needed to buy something on his way to school.

(C) He needed to catch the school bus.

( )10、(A) On the plane.

(B) In a restaurant.

(C) In a train station.

四、綜合測驗(每題 2 分，共 20 分)

- ( ) 11、Everybody, it's party time. Please help \_\_\_\_\_ to the food, and let's enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ tonight.  
 (A) himself; yourselves (B) yourselves; yourselves (C) himself; ourselves  
 (D) yourselves; ourselves
- ( ) 12、A: Must I go buy flashlights and water right now? B: No, you \_\_\_\_\_. You can do the shopping on our way home.  
 (A) must (B) mustn't (C) don't have to (D) shouldn't have to
- ( ) 13、Jacky looked \_\_\_\_\_ at the party, and he looked \_\_\_\_\_ at everyone around him.  
 (A) sad; sad (B) sad; sadly (C) sadly; sad (D) sadly; sadly
- ( ) 14、Lele is \_\_\_\_\_ rescue dog in the world. Its sense of smell is \_\_\_\_\_ times better than ours.  
 (A) smaller; thousand (B) smallest; thousands (C) the smallest; thousand of  
 (D) the smallest; thousands of
- ( ) 15、If it \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow, Mike will help his Mom \_\_\_\_\_ dinner at home. (A) rains; prepare  
 (B) rains; preparing (C) will rain; prepare (D) will rain; preparing
- ( ) 16、When a typhoon comes, we should \_\_\_\_\_ the radio and listen to \_\_\_\_\_ news.  
 (A) turn on; the newest (B) turn on; the latest (C) turn down; the newest (D) turn down; the latest
- ( ) 17、I didn't feel well, so I went to the doctor. He \_\_\_\_\_ me to take a rest and drink more water.  
 (A) made (B) had (C) let (D) told
- ( ) 18、John is a music lover. Listening to the music always \_\_\_\_\_ him happy.  
 (A) makes (B) has (C) lets (D) wants
- ( ) 19、We should leave now, \_\_\_\_\_ we'll be late for the movie. (A) and (B) but (C) or (D) so
- ( ) 20、A: How does Ida dance? B: Very well. She dances \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) beautiful (B) beautifully (C) more beautifully (D) the most beautifully

五、克漏字測驗(每題 2 分，共 12 分)

It is 3 a.m. in the morning, Mario, a sixteen-year-old boy, is walking (21)\_\_\_\_\_ on the street, but he is not the only one. There are more than (22)\_\_\_\_\_ people around him. There are families, mothers with babies, and young kids like Mario. They are from different countries from South America, and they are traveling across the country (23)\_\_\_\_\_ foot. They all share the same goal—making their way to the US.

They walk for eight to twelve hours a day. Sometimes they don't even (24)\_\_\_\_\_. They sleep on the street and wash their clothes in the river. Sometimes there is enough food; sometimes there is no food at all. The trip isn't easy, but many people still choose to do it. For them, this may be their only chance to improve their lives.

Like many people, Mario left his home and family not because he wanted to, but because life back in his country made him (25)\_\_\_\_\_ so. Working in another country is the only way to make enough money to raise his family. The American dream comes in different forms. To Mario, it is (26)\_\_\_\_\_ a job, work hard and give his family a brighter future.

(英習 p.16)

- ( ) 21、(A) well (B) quietly (C) clearly (D) loudly
- ( ) 22、(A) two hundred (B) two hundreds (C) two hundred of (D) two hundreds of
- ( ) 23、(A) in (B) at (C) by (D) on
- ( ) 24、(A) take them down (B) take a break (C) try their best (D) stay away
- ( ) 25、(A) do (B) to do (C) doing (D) did
- ( ) 26、(A) find (B) found (C) finding (D) to find

六、閱讀測驗(每題 3 分，共 9 分)

Today on the program, we explore (探索) the history of chocolate-- a favorite food for many people. The history of chocolate begins with a plant. Its scientific name-- Theobroma cacao-- means “food of the gods.” For hundreds of years, people have been enjoying the rich flavor of chocolate, a product made from this plant.

Historians believe the Mayan people (馬雅人) of Central America first learned to farm cacao plants around 2,000 years ago. The Maya took the cacao trees from the rainforests and grew them around their homes. They cooked the cacao seeds (種子), and then crushed (壓碎) them into a soft paste. They mixed the paste with water and flavorful spices (香料) to make an unsweetened chocolate drink.

Cacao and chocolate were an important part of Maya culture. There are often images of cacao plants on Maya buildings and artworks. Ruling families drank chocolate at ceremonies (儀式). And, even poorer members of Mayan society (社會) could enjoy the drink once in a while. Historians believe that people also used cacao seeds in marriage ceremonies as a sign of the union (結合) between a husband and wife.

The Aztec culture in Mexico also love chocolate. But the cacao plant could not grow in the area (地區) where the Aztecs lived. So they traded (交易) to get cacao. They even used cacao seeds as money to pay taxes or give as offerings to the gods.

Only the very rich people in Aztec societies could pay for a chocolate drink because cacao was so valuable. The Aztec ruler (統治者) Montezuma was believed to have drunk 50 cups of chocolate every day.

Some experts believe the word for chocolate came from the Aztec word “xocolatl,” which means “bitter water” in the Nahuatl language. Others believe the word “chocolate” was created by combining (結合) Mayan and Nahuatl words.

- ( )27、According to the reading, what does the word “valuable” mean?
- (A) giant (B) sharp (C) cheap (D) expensive
- ( )28、According to the reading, which is **true**?
- (A) Mayan people love to drink sweet chocolate.
- (B) People use the cacao seeds to make chocolate.
- (C) In Aztec societies, even poor people could have a cup of chocolate once in a while.
- (D) Aztec people grow lots of cacao plants around their homes.
- ( )29、On which website can you most likely (最可能) find the reading?

	Goddle
(A)	Chocolate for Valentine’s Day   Recipe for the Readers <a href="http://www.valentinesday.com/chocolaterecipe">www.valentinesday.com/chocolaterecipe</a> Want to make a special gift by hand this year? Check out the most popular handmade chocolate recipes...
(B)	The Maya: History, Culture & Religion   Live Science <a href="http://www.livescience.com/themaya">www.livescience.com/themaya</a> The Maya civilization was never unified; instead it consisted of many small states...
(C)	The History of Chocolate   Joy Radio Online <a href="http://www.joyradioonline.com/funhistory">www.joyradioonline.com/funhistory</a> We all love chocolate. But do you know where these cacao beans were from and who made them into chocolate...
(D)	Aztec Fighters   Movie Square <a href="http://www.moviesquare.com/moviesoftheweek">www.moviesquare.com/moviesoftheweek</a> They are mysterious, great at battles, and proud of the ancient civilization. People called them Aztec fighters...